

## CONTROL QUESTIONS

to the course exam on the discipline "Biomedical Ethics" for the first year students of the Faculty of foreign students for the 2023-2024 academic year.

1. "Burnout syndrome" as a state of emotional and physical exhaustion.
2. "Death as a stage of growth" in the concept of E. Kubler-Ross.
3. Abortion and religious morality.
4. Abortions for medical and social reasons. Abortion and religious morality. Abortion and the medical community.
5. Activities of committees (commissions) on issues of medical ethics and deontology.
6. AIDS and occupational risk of health workers. Laws of Peculiarities of providing medical care to patients with diseases that pose a threat to public health, human immunodeficiency virus.
7. Assisted suicide. Suicide and the problem of moral responsibility.
8. Autonomy of a pregnant woman and the embryo's right to life.
9. Basic concepts of medical deontology.
10. Basic ethical principles and legal regulation of biomedical research with human participation.
11. Basic models of relationships in the "doctor-patient" system.
12. Basic rules of biomedical ethics: truthfulness, confidentiality, informed consent.
13. Biomedical ethics, basic principles and rules.
14. Biotechnology, biosafety and genetic engineering.
15. Brain death: medical and moral problems.
16. Committees on biomedical ethics as a form of institutionalization of bioethics. The main functions and areas of work of bioethical committees.
17. Compliance with the principles of biomedical ethics in the handling of the bodies of the deceased and anatomical preparations.
18. Conflicts in the medical team. Negative and positive consequences of conflicts, ways of resolution.
19. Contraception, sterilization and religious morality.
20. Death and dying in the era of new medical technologies. Life-sustaining treatment and rejection of it.
21. "Death as a stage of growth" in the concept of E. Kubler-Ross.
22. Death as an ethical and philosophical problem.
23. Deontological approach to relatives of an oncological patient.
24. Deontological problems of rendering assistance to HIV-infected people.
25. Inadmissibility of discrimination and stigmatization of people living with HIV / AIDS.
26. Documents on medical Ethics of the World Medical Association (International Doctor's Oath, International Code of Medical Ethics).
27. Ethical and legal issues related to the organization of healthcare.
28. Ethical and legal regulation of new reproductive technologies.
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30. Artificial insemination.

31. Ethical and legal regulation of new reproductive technologies. Artificial insemination.
32. Ethical aspects of chronic pain management.
33. Quality of life of the dying patient. Support for a relatives of dying patient.
34. Ethical aspects of communication and treatment of patients with deviant behavior (persons with drug, alcohol and other addictions).
35. Ethical aspects of new reproductive technologies using. Moral characteristics of the gamete donation phenomenon.
36. Ethical aspects of obtaining organs from living donors.
37. Ethical aspects of the creation and use of transgenic plants and animals.
38. Ethical dilemmas associated with the end of human life.
39. Ethical problems of induced abortion. Basic moral positions in relation to induced abortion: conservative; moderate; liberal.
40. Ethical problems of modern narcology.
41. Ethical problems of modern psychiatry.
42. Ethical problems of prenatal diagnosis. The problem of justified risk when choosing a diagnostic procedure.
43. Ethical problems of transplantation of fetal organs and tissues, xenotransplantation.
44. Ethical standards for the use of animals in biomedical research.
45. Ethics of resuscitation. The psychology of terminal patients.
46. Euthanasia. Historical views on euthanasia.
47. Features of communication with patients with various nosological forms of diseases.
48. Features of professional ethics. Medical ethics as a kind of professional ethics.
49. Forced and voluntary sterilization.
50. Forms of euthanasia: active, passive, voluntary, involuntary.
51. Freedom as moral self-determination and moral autonomy of the individual. Freedom in the professional activity of a doctor. Moral and legal freedom of the doctor.
52. Good and evil and the specificity of their manifestation in medical practice.
53. Good and evil in specific situations of moral choice. Maximizing good and minimizing evil as the goal of healing.
54. Historical stages of the medical ethics development.
55. History and principles of the hospice movement.
56. Human immunodeficiency virus.
57. Iatrogenies. Causes and classification of medical errors.
58. In Vitro Fertilization (IVF). Manipulation of embryos, the problem of "extra" embryos, the risk of multiple pregnancies, reduction of embryos, children's health.
59. Independent bioethical expertise: justification and forms of implementation.
60. Informing about the patient's rights and how to protect them. Consent to the provision of medical care.
61. International legal regulation of biomedical research with human participation. Nuremberg Code, Declaration of Helsinki, Council of Europe Convention on Human Rights and Biomedicine, UNESCO Universal Declaration on Bioethics and Human Rights.
62. International principles of medical ethics. International Code of Medical Ethics. The Hippocratic Oath: the main ideas and reasons for the divergence from modern medicine.

- 63.Law of the provision of psychiatric care.
- 64.Laws of Anatomical gift. Inadmissibility of depersonalization of the dead.
- 65.Laws of Conducting clinical trials of drugs, medical devices.
- 66.Laws of prevention of the spread of diseases posing a danger to public health.
- 67.Laws of safety of genetic engineering.
- 68.Laws of the provision of psychiatric care.
- 69.Legal and social protection of people living with HIV / AIDS.
- 70.Legal framework and international legal regime for biosafety. Convention on Biological Diversity. Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety.
- 71.Legal regulation of transplantation of organs and tissues.
- 72.Liberal and conservative positions in the moral assessment of euthanasia. The problem of euthanasia of newborns with severe malformations.
- 73.Life as a value in various philosophical systems.
- 74.Main risk factors for the development of non-infectious diseases, its prevention.
- 75.Medical and ethical features of professional communication between doctors and patients at various stages of medical care.
- 76.Medical ethics: the presence of professional moral standards and values. Professional ethics of a doctor.
- 77.Medicalization of death: history of the issue.
- 78.Modern problems of human cloning.
- 79.Moral aspects of cosmetic and reconstructive surgery.
- 80.Moral choice in medical practice. The concept of medical risk. The moral responsibility of the doctor.
- 81.Moral choice in medical practice. The concept of medical risk.Moral responsibility of the doctor. Measure of responsibility of the doctor.
- 82.Moral problems in the use of embryonic stem cells.
- 83.Moral problems of contraception.
- 84.Moral problems of gene therapy.
- 85.Moral problems of human cloning.
- 86.Moral problems of medical genetics (genealogical analysis, genetic testing, screening).
- 87.Moral problems of organ transplant from a deceased donor. Legal aspects of obtaining organs from cadaver donors.
- 88.Moral problems of the use of embryonic stem cells.
- 89.Moral problems of transplantation.
- 90.Organ transplantation: history and modern achievements.
- 91.Palliative care. Its basic principles and forms.
- 92.Partnership, personal responsibility, concern for the professional authority of the doctor. Professional solidarity and mentoring in medicine. Collegiality, medical consultation.
- 93.Preservation of life and strengthening of human health as moral guidelines for the activity of a doctor.
- 94.Professional interactions: "doctor - doctor", "doctor - nurse", etc. Moral climate of the medical team: problems of corporatism, democracy and subordination.
- 95.Promotion and implementation of a healthy lifestyle.

96. Rules of Medical Ethics and Deontology.
97. Situations in which a medical worker has the right to transfer information known to him to third parties. Providing information about the patient's health. Medical secrecy.
98. Social and legal status of a child born with the help of artificial insemination or IVF.
99. Suffering and compassion. Suffering and pain. Emotional and rational in compassion. Forms of compassion. Mercy.
100. Surrogacy. The commercialization of motherhood, the severing of family ties, the possibility of mental trauma for a surrogate mother and child.
101. The historical aspect of the problem of induced abortion.
102. The main components of doctor-patient cooperation (support, understanding, respect, empathy).
103. The patient's right to receive truthful information. Confidentiality and communication to patient's relatives.
104. The principles of humanism, mercy, restraint, professionalism, confidentiality and tolerance.
105. The problem of "AIDS phobia" and the requirements of medical ethics.
106. The problem of competition among doctors. The doctor's responsibility for the professional honor of colleagues.
107. The problem of death criteria. Clinical and biological death.
108. The problem of equity in the allocation of scarce resources for transplantation, the criteria for distribution.
109. The problem of the status of the embryo and the embryo's right to life.
110. The quality of life of the dying person. Support for loved ones of a dying patient.
111. The rule of truthfulness in oncological deontology. Deontological approach to patients in the diagnosis and treatment of malignant neoplasms. Reasons for refusing treatment.
112. The use of abortive material in fetal therapy and cosmetology: a moral aspect.

Head of the department  
Public health and health care,  
Professor  
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Tamara Sharshakova